

GANS THE WINNER

Knocked Herman Out in the Eighth Round.

BETTING 3 TO 1 ON GANS

Seen From Start That Herman Had Little Chance.

Gans blocked his opponent's blows with ease and was apparently not worried in the least—Herman was favorite with the crowd—Both fighters shook hands cordially after the fight—About 3,500 persons witnessed the bout, among whom were several well dressed women.

Tonopah, January 1.—Joe Gans fought true to the "dope" today. After playing with Herman for eight rounds the champion landed a full swing on the point of Herman's jaw, and Chicago's favorite went down and out. It was apparent from the start that Herman had little chance. Gans blocked his blows with ease and at no time was Gans worried in the least.

The betting at the ring side was 3 to 1 on Gans.

In the first round Gans started to feel things out. Herman was willing to fight, but the champion studied him off. In the second round Gans began to open up. Herman's attempts to land mostly ended in a failure.

Gans blocked Herman's leads with glove and elbow and when the opportunity presented itself shot right and left jolts to his opponent's face.

The third and fourth rounds were repetitions of the second. It was plainly seen that Herman was the favorite with the crowd. When he landed the crowd cheered wildly. Gans only drew applause when he fought his cleverest.

In the fifth, Gans, having measured his man, slowed down. This was the only round in which Herman made any showing. He waded in and swung hard rights and lefts at the champion. Gans appeared careless and a number of the blows landed. The crowd cheered madly for the Chicagoan.

The sixth and seventh rounds were "Gans' In the eighth Gans started out by jabbing and drawing Herman's face. They fought around the ring until Gans worked his opponent into a corner. Joe pointed with his left, Herman swung wildly with his left and gave an opening. Like a flash Gans whipped left and then a swinging right flush on the point of the nose. Herman dropped like a log with his face buried in his hands. He lay motionless at the edge of the ring. Gans walked away. It was all over.

Nate Lewis ran around the ring to where the kid lay and begged him to rise, but Herman was senseless. At the count of ten Lewis and Adam Ryan carried their protegee to his corner, where three minutes elapsed before he came to.

In the second round the men were milling fiercely when the gong sounded. Herman stepped back from a clinch, Gans not hearing the bell, landed a hard right on the neck. The crowd hissed and roared. Gans faced the crowd and made a public apology.

Not content with it Gans went to Herman's corner, and explained that he had not heard the gong. Hisses turned to cheers as Gans returned to his corner.

After the fight Herman said: "There is no getting away from it—the best man won. I made the best fight that was in me against a superior man. I cannot deny that he is the best man and I do not begrudge him his victory."

Gans bore his easily won honors with the best of grace. "It was just as I expected," said the champion. "I had Herman outclassed. He was game but he never had a chance to win." The attendance was about 3,500. Among the spectators were many well-dressed women.

Gans and Herman weighed in at 133 mark and neither man raised it. Gans' exact weight, stripped, was 132 pounds. The two fighters shook hands cordially and each wished the other a happy new year.

Gans climbed over the ropes at 3:45 o'clock. The reception given the champion was a warm one. Herman was introduced as the "Pride of Chicago."

"Tex" Rickard gave notice that he would give a purse of \$50,000 for the winner of the Gans-Herman fight and "Battling" Nelson, Riley, on behalf of the Casino Athletic Club, stated that he would go Ricard \$5,000 better and this would stand for any purse offered by any other promoter.

Announcer Gardner then took the center of the stage and announced that the contest would be a finish fight and that the fighters would fight with one arm free in the clinches.

Manager Riley stated that he would offer a purse of \$30,000 for a match between Jimmy Britt and the winner of this afternoon's contest. Gans replied that he would accept the offer if he won today.

At 4 o'clock the fighters stripped and posed for the pictures. Five minutes later the ring was cleared and the fighters prepared for action. Referee Jack Welch called Gans and Herman to the mark and the fight was on.

FIGHT BY ROUNDS.

Round 1. Herman led for the body, missed and they went to a clinch. The

FREY'S VERMIFUGE

is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 25 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. If your child is sick get a bottle of

FREY'S VERMIFUGE A FINE TONIC FOR CHILDREN

Do not take a substitute. If your druggist does not keep it, send twenty-five cents in stamps to

H. & S. FREY Baltimore, Md. and a bottle will be mailed you.

men sparred and in a clinch Herman sent his right round the kidneys.

Gans then drove a wicked right swing to the jaw and followed it with right to the head, and they went to a clinch.

At close quarters Herman poked his right to the head, and quick as a flash Gans whipped right and left to the nose, bringing a thin stream of blood from that organ. Gans swung a terrific right to the face and walloped Herman with right to the ribs. Herman, just as the gong sounded, planted his left to the champion's face. The round was Gans' but Herman smiled in a confident manner as he took his corner.

Round 2. Herman covered up and they worked to close quarters. Herman landing right and left to the body.

The men then mixed it and a furious rally followed. Herman had the better of an exchange of body blows. More fighting followed in which both men displayed great cleverness in blocking the other's attempts. Herman swung his left hard to the ribs but Gans retaliated with two hard rights to jaw that forced the Ghetto kid to a clinch.

Mixing it, Gans drove his right to the ribs and sent Herman staggering backward with a right to the neck. As the gong rang Gans hit Herman on the face with a right and shook hands with Herman as an apology. Not content with this Gans left his seat, stalked to Herman's corner and again shook hands with his opponent. The round favored Gans slightly.

Round 3. Herman after a clinch swung a hard right to the jaw and then they exchanged blows. Gans nearly floored his man with a right to the neck. Herman was in quickly and tried with right and left for the body, but received a left to the face that would have sent him outside the ring had not the ropes saved him. Gans followed the advantage with short arm right and left body blows. Gans then sent Herman to the floor with a left hook over the ribs. Herman, however, was off his balance and the blow left no telling effects. Gans had far the better of the round but Herman showed little distress.

Round 4. After a clinch Herman swung right to ribs and left to the stomach. They mixed at close range and Herman nettled Gans with short arm right to the head. Both men then missed terrific right swings and Herman landed a left on the stomach. Gans planted his right to the jaw and they exchanged lefts to the stomach.

Herman swung a hard right to the jaw, and followed with a heavy left to the stomach that made Gans wince. It was an even round.

Round 5. After a half minute sparring Herman swung left to the body, following it with a right to the same place and then rushed Gans into a corner, landing right and left high on the body. Gans then shot out his right and it landed on Herman's jaw. The latter, however, sent the crowd into paroxysms by driving Gans to the ropes with left and right swing to the jaw and face. Herman sent straight left to the face, but Gans countered with two hard rights to the jaw and in a mix up Gans outpointed his man, landing right and left short arm blows to the jaw. The gong ended an even round. Herman's showing thus far has been excellent.

Round 6. Gans cleverly blocked several leads by Herman and peppered the latter's face, and body with rights and left at close range. Both men were cool, but Gans wore a determined look. Herman was on the aggressive and received a right hook to the jaw that sent his head back a foot. "Cover and fall in," came the injunction from Herman's seconds as Gans, at long range, drove his right again and again to the kid's face. Gans almost sent Herman through the ropes with right hooks to the jaw. Gans had a big lead in this round and Herman lost his jaunty air as he sought his seat.

Round 7. Herman opened the round with left swing to the ribs but Gans more than got even with two rights and a left to the stomach. Herman rallied and landed his left and then a right over the ribs and they went to a clinch. Gans forced the fighting, and getting Herman against the ropes, planted right and left to the face. Herman fought back wildly and as he closed in Gans met him with a terrific uppercut in the face that left its mark over the Hebrew's eye. Gans followed his man to a corner and they exchanged kidney blows. The bell clanged as the men were sparring. It was Gans' round and he looked like the winner.

Round 8. Gans sent a straight left to the face and Herman retaliated with right to the jaw and left to the ribs. Gans merely shook his head and followed his man around he ring, cornering him but failing in attempts to land. Suddenly Gans shot out his left and right squarely to the jaw and Herman dropped as though hit by a board. He made no attempt to rise. It was as clean a knockout as ever took place in a ring.

Begin the New Year right—Get Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla. Absolutely pure, go twice as far and the "Blue Ribbon Flavor" is perfection. Ask for the 25 cents size.

FOR CRIMINAL LIBEL

Governor Glenn Indignant at Blackburn's Charges.

WANTS AN INVESTIGATION

Blackburn Had Not Acted on His Own Motion

Governor Glenn Declares That Somebody Higher Up Was Responsible. The Public Entitled to Know Everything in the Matter—Criminal Action Against Blackburn Will be for Vindication and Not for Money—Governor Glenn Considers the Charge Equal to Malfeasance in Office.

(Special to The Messenger.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 1.—Governor Glenn informs your correspondent this afternoon that he had taken a very decided step regarding Congressman Spencer Blackburn's attack upon him, to which the governor replied so vigorously yesterday by branding Blackburn a liar. The governor said he had learned Blackburn was at Greensboro today and had wired Clement Manly at Winston-Salem to have Blackburn arrested for libel. The governor said he desired to protect himself properly in such matters as these and to show Blackburn that such attacks could not be made with impunity. He intimated that Blackburn had not done the thing on his own motion and had been inspired higher up. The governor showed his indignation in a very frank manner. He said: "If it turns out that Blackburn is not at Greensboro I will have him arrested as soon as he returns to North Carolina. I intend to have his charges fully investigated. I have nothing to hide. The public is entitled to know everything in the matter. I will institute a criminal action against him, not for money but for redress."

(By Associated Press.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 1.—Governor Glenn telegraphed to his attorney at Greensboro to have Congressman E. Spencer Blackburn, of the Eighth congressional district of North Carolina arrested on a charge of criminal libel.

This action follows charges made in a letter from Blackburn sent out from Washington, D. C., on Saturday last, in which he stated to Congress-elect R. N. Hackett, the democrat elected from the Eighth district his grounds for contesting the election, alleging among other things that there had been a conspiracy in which Governor Glenn used his influence to secure Hackett's election and as a member of the state text book commission voted to put books of the American Book Company in the state list of public school books in return for which the American Book Company contributed large sums of money to corrupt the voters of the Eighth congressional district, while in return Hackett was to use his influence to have Governor Glenn elected United States senator to succeed the present senator from North Carolina, Lee S. Overman.

Governor Glenn denounces the charge as absolutely false, as does the representatives of the American Book Company. Governor Glenn considers the charge equal to one of malfeasance in office and takes criminal action against Blackburn. No news has been received here of Blackburn's arrest in Greensboro nor of what has been done there.

WENT INTO EFFECT.

Three Alcoholic Laws, the Pure Food, the Anti-Pass Laws, and Modification of the Navigation Law Became Operative Yesterday.

Washington, January 1.—Today marks the beginning of the life of several legislative acts of congress important alike to the nation as a whole and to the citizens of the district of Columbia. These are three alcohol laws, the pure food, the anti-pass section of the interstate commerce law and the modification of the navigation law to simplify enrollments and licenses.

The pure food law contemplates the barring from interstate commerce of foods that are injurious to health and the free alcohol law is intended to assist farmers and smaller users of power to have fuel in efficiency and cost shall be cheaper than gasoline or kerosene. The anti-pass provision of the interstate commerce law forbids common carriers, directly or indirectly giving interstate free tickets or passes for passengers, except to their employees and families, the agents of the carriers, and their surgeons, physicians and attorneys, to persons engaged in religious and charitable work and to certain other specified classes.

At Dinner With the Old Folks. (Special to The Messenger.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 1.—Governor Glenn ate his New Year's dinner with the old folks at the Third Baptist church, with him being Mayor James Iredell Johnson, of Raleigh, Superintendent Stevenson, of the Associated Charities and your correspondent, the entire party being called upon to make some remarks after dinner.

The governor took occasion to refer to the very great prosperity of North Carolina during the past year industrially and in an educational way and morally.

A BRILLIANT AFFAIR

New Year's Reception at the White House.

THE DAY AN IDEAL ONE

Was Attended by About 8,500 Persons.

Members of Diplomatic Corps, Army and Navy Officers, Representatives of National and District Governments and Citizens Were in Evidence—Each Caller Received a Cordial Shake of the Hand.—Number of Negroes Present Smaller Than in Former Years.

Washington, January 1.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt's new year's reception at the White house was a brilliant function and was attended by about 8,500 persons. The members of the diplomatic corps, officers of the army and navy and representatives of the national and district government and of the citizen public attended. President Roosevelt gave each of his callers a cordial shake of the hand.

After the diplomatists had been received Secretary and Mrs. Root left the line in the blue room, and one by one the members of the cabinet and their wives deserted the president in order to hold receptions at their own homes. At 1 o'clock Mrs. Roosevelt left her husband's side and only the military and naval aides and Secretary Wilson remained with him until the last person in the great throng had passed through the blue room.

It was a perfect day. The sun shone brightly and the air was so warm that the thousands who stood in line for hours suffered no discomforts because of the weather. It was generally remarked that the proportion of negroes in the line was smaller than in previous years, but a number of negro civil war veterans and Spanish war veterans joined with military and patriotic societies in extending greetings to the president.

There was an unusually large number of children in line and all were greeted cordially by the president. One of the most amusing figures in the line was a ten year old boy, with soiled hands and clothes, who carried a pair of roller skates thrown over his shoulder. The president laughed heartily as he wished the little fellow a happy new year.

A pretty little girl carried a great white Teddy bear past the reception party and provoked a hearty laugh from the crowd gathered in the blue room.

Mrs. Longworth and the other children of the president were at the White house for the reception and with their friends moved constantly through the crowd. Miss Ethel was prettily gown in pink and was much admired.

Rear Admiral Cowles and Mrs. Cowles, the president's sister, were also with the members of the president's family during the reception.

Only three wives of ambassadors attended today's reception—the Baroness Sternburg, wife of the German ambassador, the Baroness Rosen, wife of the Russian ambassador, and Viscountess Aoki, wife of the Japanese ambassador.

Included in the large number invited to assist in the blue room were Miss Mary Harriman, Mrs. and Miss Foraker, Mrs. Hobson, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Miss Pauline Morton and Mme de Littlemore.

Following an immemorial custom, the reception of the president today was seconded by receptions in homes of the vice president, cabinet officers, officers of the army and navy, and well known private citizens of Washington. Next to the president's reception in interest was that of the vice president and Mrs. Fairbanks. Secretary and Mrs. Root entertained the diplomatic corps at breakfast, a custom which was inaugurated by the first secretary of state.

The members of the cabinet and their wives were extended New Year's greetings by hundreds not only of the diplomatic set, but of official Washington as well. Among the hostesses was Miss Helen Cannon, daughter of the speaker of the house.

Postmaster General and Mrs. Cortelyou, who are in mourning by reason of a death in Mrs. Cortelyou's family, did not receive today, nor did they attend the presidential reception at the White house. The reception of Secretary and Mrs. Strauss in their handsome new home was largely attended.

LOSES ITS IDENTITY.

Virginia Bible Society Merged Into American Bible Society.

Richmond, Va., January 1.—After an independent existence of nearly a century, the Virginia Bible Society becomes a part of the national organization known as the American Bible Society. At a meeting to be held tomorrow the steps necessary to transfer the affairs of the state society will be taken and the new order of things will be installed. Rev. W. S. Campbell, who has for years been secretary of the state society, will be succeeded in that office by Rev. Donald McLaren, D. D., one of the most distinguished ministers in the national body. Dr. McLaren is in the city and will today take charge of the offices here.

ACT UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Suit Brought by Widow of Man Killed While in Railroad Employ—Judge Decides That Congress Had No Authority to Pass Act.

Memphis, Tenn., January 1.—Judge McCall of the federal court today declared the LaFollette Fellow Servants act unconstitutional. The action was that of Damselle Howard against the Illinois Central Railroad company.—A special representative of the department of justice at Washington argued the case for the government.

Mrs. Howard sued the railroad company for damages because her husband was killed while in the employ of the defendant.

Judge McCall said in part: "I am unable to bring my mind to the conclusion that the liability of the common carrier to its employee for injuries is interstate commerce, or commerce of any character within the meaning of the commerce clause of the constitution."

"My conclusion is that congress is not authorized under the commerce clause of the constitution of the United States to enact this legislation, for the reason that the relation of interstate common carriers engaged in interstate trade of commerce to their employees, and their liability to them in damages for injuries sustained in their employment as the result of the negligence of any of its officers, agents, or employees, or by reason of any defects or insufficiency due to its negligence in its cars, engines, appliances, machinery, track, roadbed, ways or works, is not commerce within the meaning of the constitution. But, if it were, the act does not undertake to regulate this regulation or liability but simply announces by an act of congress a new law on torts limited to a special class of those engaged in interstate commerce."

RAILROAD CONTINUES PASSES.

Will Give Them on Contract for Newspaper Advertising.

Chicago, December 30.—It is not necessary for a railroad to cancel its contracts with publishers, according to the stand taken by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road, through General Passenger Agent S. George, and sanctioned by the legal department of the road.

The proposed contract provides that the owner or publisher who is party to it, and the members of his family and employees will during the life of the contract travel over the road whenever they reasonably can, fares and accommodations being equal or better, and the publisher shall have the right to call upon the railway company for tickets, mileage or other passenger transportation as may be required for the exclusive use of the publisher, his family and employees, to the value of the gross amount of the contract. The transportation is to be charged for at full tariff rates, and the balance on either side at the expiration of the contract is to be paid in cash.

A list of those entitled to the transportation will be furnished to the general passenger agent when the agreement is signed. The newspaper or other publication required to furnish the railroad company monthly statements, showing the amount of advertising and the price per inch or line.

HER MIND AFFECTED.

Mrs. Richter Commits Suicide by Choking Herself to Death.

New York, January 1.—Choked to death by her own hands the body of Mrs. Elizabeth Richter, of Brooklyn, was found today by her step son, Frederick Richter, Jr. She had taken a discarded leather belt and wound it three times tightly around her throat, and then slipping the end through the buckle, pulled and fastened it. A note in the handwriting of the suicide was found, reading as follows:

"Good bye to you all. I hope you all will be happy when I am gone. My hand did this deadly deed. I am very lonely. The new year contains no prospects for me."

Mrs. Richter was 48 years of age and lived with her husband, Frederick Richter, Sr., and three step-children. Her home life was happy, but recently her mind became affected through illness, and to this is attributed her suicide.

AN ENGLISH PRELATE'S VIEWS.

If Archbishop Ireland is Given the Red Hat It Must Be Ascribed to His Personal Merit.

Rome, January 1.—The Giornale D'Italia publishes an interview with a prominent English prelate concerning the appointment of an American cardinal. The prelate in question reviews recent events, particularly the encyclical of Pope Leo against Americanism, which he states was written by Cardinal Mazzella. The encyclical displeased Cardinal Gibbons, who, thinking it was inspired by Cardinal Rampolla, joined the Austrian and German cardinals in defeating Rampolla at the last conclave. Continuing, the prelate says it was thought that Archbishop Ireland would be made a cardinal when Pope Leo called him from Paris, where he was representing the United States at the unveiling of the LaFayette statue. This, however, is now unlikely, in spite of the fact that President Roosevelt has urged another American prelate to approach the vatican privately to this end. The situation has been aggravated by the Storer incident, and if Archbishop Ireland be given the red hat the appointment must be ascribed to his personal merit.

TO TEST MCLELLAN'S TITLE.

Attorney-General Will Give Both Parties a Hearing Next Monday.

Albany, N. Y., January 1.—William Randolph Hearst was prompt in accepting the offer of the new attorney general William E. Jackson, to consider an application for a re-hearing of arguments of Mr. Hearst's petition for leave to begin quo warranto proceedings to test the title of George B. McClellan to the office of mayor of New York city on the basis of the mayoralty election in 1896. Attorney General Jackson had just assumed office today when a representative of Mr. Hearst's counsel served upon him an application for re-argument. The attorney general gave instructions that copies of the papers be served upon the attorneys of Mayor McClellan, and informed both parties that he would give them a hearing next Monday, January 7th.

Electric Car and Auto Crash.

Oakland, Cal., January 1.—In an collision today between an electric car and an automobile, George B. Young of Alameda, was instantly killed, and Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Swain, of East Oakland, and Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Martin, of Alameda, were injured. Mr. Young was a wealthy contractor.

Fatally Stabbed by Negro.

New Haven, Conn., January 1.—Frederick McGann white, was fatally shot on the street here tonight by Samuel Knox, a negro. The negro was captured near the scene of the shooting. A large crowd gathered and as the officers were taking the negro to police headquarters there were cries of "lynch him!" but no violence was offered. McGann has since died.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of J. C. Fitch.

But Only One Can Get the Nomination.

G. O. P. LONG ON CANDIDATES

Taft's Statement a Notification to Friends to Get Busy.

Sentiment in the Anti Roosevelt Forces is Favorable for the Nomination of Foraker—Effort Will be Made to Displace Roosevelt as Leader of the Party—Opponents to the President Will Endeavor to Capture Southern Delegation to National Convention.

(Special to The Messenger.)

Washington, Jan. 1.—Ohio, it would seem, is about to recapture what Iowa that political premiership which Iowa flched from Ohio only a few years ago. With Taft and Foraker contending for the presidency, Ohio would have the limelight and Iowa would have to join the commonwealth of minor consequence.

The announcement by Mr. Taft's friends that the war secretary is willing to become a candidate if there appears any substantial demand that he do so is the chief political development of the month. It is to all intents and purposes a formal and authoritative launching of the Taft boom and an invitation to Taft adherents in all parts of the country to get busy. It also is a notification to the "Conservatives," or anti-Roosevelt, republicans that they cannot have the 1908 nomination without fighting for it. There has been for some time a crystallization of sentiment in the anti-Roosevelt camp favorable to the nomination of Senator Foraker and politicians are beginning to believe that the lines of the next contest within the republican party already have been drawn.

That Secretary Taft's friends will have to fight for the Ohio delegates to the next national convention goes without saying. The men opposed to him in his native state are born fighters and Foraker's veterans on the war-path warriors of the old Hanna organization, now marshalled by Senator Dick, and Foraker's veterans of the war-path joined in an offensive and defensive alliance it is a pretty hard proposition for the Taft people to go up against. This is especially true in view of the fact that there has not yet been developed in the Ohio Taft faction any formidable and sagacious leader. Congressmen Burdett of Cleveland is the strongest man they have but he is neither a politician nor a fighter and last spring when it seemed he had a chance to do something, blundered so badly that Foraker and Dick got away with about everything in sight.

Should Senator Foraker become the candidate of the anti-Roosevelt faction in the republican party it is believed a large share of the old Hanna followers would line up behind him, and again would be demonstrated the truth of the old adage that politics makes strange bedfellows. Already, it is said, that some of the old Hanna lieutenants are at work trying to alienate the south from its allegiance to Mr. Roosevelt, the purpose being to capture the southern delegates to the next national convention and vote them against any man who Mr. Roosevelt may favor for the presidential nomination. Mr. Hanna had a strong hold on southern republicans, while Mr. Roosevelt has stepped on the toes of southern republican leaders without any attempt at gentleness.

All over the country there is an awakening of interest in the 1908 election and from almost every state comes word of effort to displace Mr. Roosevelt as the leader of his party.

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